

# ICCVAM Recommended Reference Substances for Validation of In Vitro Estrogen Receptor (ER) and Androgen Receptor (AR) Binding and Transcriptional Activation (TA) Assays

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#### Introduction

In 1998, the U.S. EPA's Endocrine Disruptor Screening and Testing Advisory Committee (EDSTAC) recommended the standardization and validation of several assays for identifying possible endocrine-disrupting (ED) substances. Included among these assays are estrogen (ER) and androgen receptor (AR) binding and/or tran-scriptional activation (TA) assays. NICEATM and the Interagency Coordinating Committee for the Validation of Alternative Methods (ICCVAM) convened an independent scientific expert panel to evaluate the status of these assays and proposed reference chemicals for validation studies. Based on the expert panel's recommendations and public comments on a draft list of substances, ICCVAM prepared a final list of 78 substances for use in future ER/AR binding/TA validation studies. ICCVAM recommends testing a minimum of 53 substances for ER-based assays and 44 substances for AR-based assays; each set includes at least 25% negative or presumed negative substances. The use of this standard list of reference substances in future validation studies will facilitate determination of the acceptability of in vitro and in vivo assays and test batteries for inclusion in screening programs for ED substances. However, to comprehensively assess the usefulness of ER/AR binding/TA assays as individual components of the EDSTAC Tier 1 screening battery, and to facilitate development of more predictive in vitro ED assays, ICCVAM recommends that all 78 substances be tested in the four types of assays. This will generate a high quality in vitro database to facilitate future validation efforts and comparison of performance among different test methods and protocols.

#### ICCVAM Proposed List of Substances for Validation

#### I. Candidate Substances

122 candidate substances were identified including:

- 85 substances recommended in the four BRDs for future validation
- 44 substances scheduled for testing in *in vivo* endocrine disruptor (ED) assays by EPA and the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD)
- 38 substances scheduled for testing in in vitro ED assays by EPA
- 6 additional substances recommended by the ICCVAM Expert Panel

#### II. Selection of Final 78 Substances

List of 122 substances reduced to 78 substances based on following:

- methyl parathion and 2,3,7,8-tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin excluded as being highly toxic
- 4-chloro-4'-biphenylol, 2',4',6'-trichloro-4-biphenylyol and Arochlor 1254 excluded due to hazardous waste disposal concerns
- letrozole excluded as its *in vivo* testing was questionable and no *in vitro*
- testosterone propionate excluded as it is readily hydrolyzed in vivo to testosterone, which is included
- tamoxifen citrate excluded and tamoxifen included because the latter
- had been tested more extensively excluded substances not scheduled for in vitro testing by the EPA
- excluded substances not scheduled for in vivo testing by EPA and OECD

### Purpose and Advantages of the List of 78 Substances

### Purpose of List

To ensure that the comparative reliability and performance of *in vitro* ER and AR binding and TA assays are adequately characterized across a broad range of chemical classes and responses.

### Advantages

Inclusion of many substances proposed for validation of other Tier 1 and Tier 2 in vivo test methods will:

- help characterize the usefulness of Tier 1 screening battery
- help prioritize substances for Tier 2 testing
- facilitate development of more predictive *in vitro* endocrine disruptor assays

### **Anticipated Responses of Proposed Substances**

Distribution of Anticipated Responses of Proposed Test Substances in *In Vitro* ER and AR Binding and TA Assays

### A. In Vitro ER Assays

Expected Response	ER Binding	ER	TA
	_	Agonist	Antagonist
Positive <sup>b</sup> Presumed Positive <sup>c</sup> Presumed Negative <sup>d</sup> Total	23 (30%) 18 (23%) 37 (47%) 78	25 (32%) 10 (13%) 43 (55%) 78	5 (6%) 6 (8%) 67 (86%) 78

### R In Vitro AR Assays

b. III vitio Alt Assays							
Expected Response	AR Binding	AR	AR TA				
·		Agonist	Antagonist				
Positivea	19 (24%)	16 (20%)	18 (23%)				
Presumed Positiveb	15 (18%)	6 (8%)	3 (4%)				
Presumed Negative <sup>c</sup>	44 (56%)	56 (72%)	57 (73%)				
Total	78	78	78				

<sup>a</sup> Represents substances for which ER binding or TA data are available, which indicate a positive response in the respective test method (i.e., substances tested in more than one study that were positive in  $\geq$  50% of the studies).

<sup>b</sup> Represents substances that were positive in < 50% of reported studies; that were positive but tested in only one study; or that have no relevant receptor binding or TA data available for the respective test method but which are presumed positive based on their known mechanism of action or their responses in other endocrine disruptor screening test methods.

<sup>c</sup> Represents substances which are presumed negative based on the available data, their known mechanism of action, or their responses in other endocrine disruptor screening test methods.

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#### **Minimum Lists of Substances for Validation** of *In Vitro* Endocrine Disruptor Assays

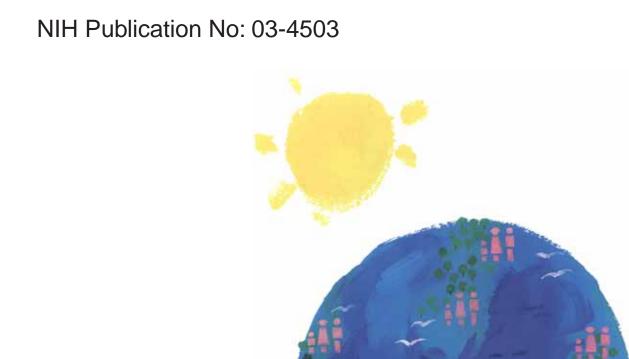
- ICCVAM developed minimum lists of substances that should be given priority during validation.
- Justification: Because the purpose of these in vitro assays in the Tier 1 screening battery is to provide binding and transcriptional activation data that will be considered in a weight-of-evidence evaluation to prioritize substances for Tier 2 testing, characterizing the activity of all of the substances expected to be negative in vitro (e.g., thyroid disruptors, aromatase inhibitors) may not be essential.
- Minimum lists contain 53 substances for ER binding and TA assays and 45 substances for AR binding and TA assays, with similar distributions of substances across the ranges of responsiveness and chemical classes as contained in the list of 78 substances.
- Specific listing of minimum lists are included in report entitled, "ICCVAM Evaluation of *In Vitro* Test Methods For Detecting Potential Endocrine Disruptors: Estrogen Receptor and Androgen Receptor Binding and Transcriptional Activation Assays." (NIH Publication No: 03-4503)

#### Minimum List of Substances for In Vitro ER Assays

Expected Response	ER Binding	ER TA				
		Agonist	Antagonist			
Positive/ Presumed Positive	40 (75%)	34 (64%)	11 (21%)			
Negative/ Presumed Negative	13 (25%)	19 (36%)	42 (79%)			
Total	53	53	53			

#### Minimum List of Substances for In Vitro AR Assays

Willimum List of Substances for III vitio AR Assays								
Expected Response	AR Binding	AR TA						
		Agonist	Antagonist					
Positive/ Presumed Positive	33 (73%)	21 (47%)	20 (44%)					
Negative/ Presumed Negative	12 (27%)	24 (53%)	25 (56%)					
Total	45	45	45					



ICCVAM Evaluation of *In Vitro* **Test Methods For Detecting Potential Endocrine Disruptors:** 

**Estrogen Receptor and Androgen Receptor Binding and Transcriptional Activation Assays** 

Interagency Coordinating Committee on the Validation of Alternative Methods (ICCVAM) National Toxicology Program (NTP) Interagency Center for the Evaluation

of Alternative Toxicological Methods (NICEATM)

National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences U.S. Public Health Service Department of Health and Human Services

http://iccvam.niehs.nih.gov/

### ICCVAM Proposed Substances for Validation of *In Vitro* ER and AR Binding and Transcriptional Activation Assays

Substance	CASRN	In Vita	In Vitro Data (NICEATM) <sup>a</sup> Transcriptional Activation		Completed/ -Anticipated	Chemical Class Substance	Substance	CASRN	In Vitro Data (NICEATM		A Section of the St.	Completed/ Anticipated	Chemical Class
		Binding <sup>b</sup>	Agonism <sup>c</sup>	Antagonism <sup>d</sup>	In Vivo Testing			3 (4.1 - 4.7 90-)(1.77 - 14.	Binding <sup>b</sup>	Agonism <sup>c</sup>	Antagonism <sup>d</sup>	In Vivo Testing	
Actinomycin D	50-76-0					Phenoxazone; Lactone; Peptide	Flutamide	13311-84-7	AR++	ER-/AR-	AR#	у	Amide; Anilide; Nitrobenzene
Ammonium perchlorate	7790-98-9				у	Organic acid; Organic salt	Genistein	446-72-0	ER++	ER+	ER#	у	Flavanoid; Isoflavone; Phenol
Anastrazole	120511-73-1		AR-		у	Nitrile; Triazole	Haloperidol	52-86-8		r		у	Butyrophenone; Ketone; Piperazine
4-Androstenedione	63-05-8	ER+/AR+++	ER-/AR+++			Steroid, nonphenolic	Hexestrol	84-16-2	ER+++	ER+++			Diphenolalkane; Bisphen Phenol
Apigenin	520-36-5	ER+++	ER+++	ER#-	у	Flavanoid; Flavone; Phenol	Hydroxyflutamide	52806-53-8	ER±/AR++	AR+	AR##		Amide; Anilide; Nitrobenzene
Apomorphine	58-00-4				у	Heterocycle; Quinoline	4-Hydroxytamoxifen	68047-06-3	ER+++	ER±/AR-	ER###		Triphenylethylene; Benzylidene; Stilbene; Phenol
Atrazine	1912-24-9	ER+/AR+	ER-/AR-	ER-/AR-	у	Aromatic amine; Triazine; Arylamine	ICI 182,780	129453-61-8	ER+++	ER-/AR-	ER###/AR-	у	Steroid, phenolic
Bicalutamide	90357-06-5	AR+++	AR+	AR##		Anilide; Nitrile; Sulfone	Kaempferol	520-18-3	ER++	ER+	ER-		Flavanoid; Flavone; Pher
Bisphenol A	80-05-7	ER++	ER+/AR-	ER-/AR#-	у	Diphenolalkane; Bisphenol; Phenol	Kepone	143-50-0	ER++/AR++	AR-	AR#-		Organochlorine; Chlorina bridged cycloalkane
Bisphenol B	77-40-7	ER++	ER++/AR-		у	Diphenolalkane; Bisphenol; Phenol	Ketoconazole	65277-42-1		AR±	AR-	у	Imidazole; Piperazine
Butylbenzyl phthalate	85-68-7	ER±	ER++/AR-	ER-/AR-		Phthalate	Linuron	330-55-2	AR+	ER-/AR+	AR#	y	Urea
2-sec -Butylphenol	89-72-5	ER+				Phenol	Medroxyprogesterone acetate	71-58-9	AR+++	AR+			Steroid, nonphenolic; Polycyclic hydrocarbon
CGS 18320B	112808-99-8				у	Nitrile; Imidazole	p,p' -Methoxychlor	72-43-5	ER+/AR+	ER+/AR-	ER-/AR#	у	Organochlorine; Chlorina hydrocarbon
Clomiphene citrate	50-41-9	ER++				Chlorinated triphenylethylene; Benzylidene; Stilbene	Methyl testosterone	58-18-4	ER++/AR+++	ER++/AR++	- AR###	у	Steroid, nonphenolic; Androstene
Corticosterone	50-22-6	ER-/AR+	ER-/AR-			Steroid, nonphenolic	Methyltrienolone***	965-93-5	AR+++	ER-/AR+	AR-		Steroid, nonphenolic; Estrene
Coumestrol	479-13-0	ER+++	ER++/AR-	ER-	у	Coumestan; Benzopyranone; Coumarin; Ketone	Mifepristone	84371-65-3	AR+++	ER-/AR++	AR###	у	Steroid, nonphenolic; Estrene
4-Cumylphenol	599-64-4		ER+/AR-			Phenol	Morin	480-16-0	ER+				Flavanoid; Flavone; Phe
Cycloheximide	66-81-9					Piperidine; Glutaramide	Nilutamide	63612-50-0	AR+++	AR±	AR##		Heterocycle; Imidazole
Cyproterone acetate	427-51-0	AR+++	ER-/AR+	AR##	.y.	Nitrile; Diphenyl ether; Organochlorine	p -Nonylphenol	104-40-5	ER++	ER++/AR±	ER#/AR###		Alkylphenol; Phenol
Daidzein	486-66-8	ER++	ER+	ER-		Flavanoid; Isoflavone; Phenol	Norethynodrel	68-23-5	ER++				Steroid, nonphenolic; Norpregnene
<i>p,p'</i> -DDE**	72-55-9	ER±/AR++	ER+/AR±	ER-/AR#-	у	Organochlorine; Diphenylalkene	4 -tert -Octylphenol	140-66-9	ER++/AR-	ER++/AR-	AR-	у	Alkylphenol; Phenol
o,p' -DDT**	789-02-6	ER++/AR+	ER+/AR-	ER#/AR#	y <sub>1</sub>	Organochlorine; Diphenylalkene	Oxazepam	604-75-1		e .		у	Benzodiazepine
Dexamethasone	50-02-2	ER-/AR-	ER±/AR+			Steroid, nonphenolic	Phenobarbital	57-30-7	AR-	ER-/AR-		у	Heterocycle; Pyrimidine
Dibenzo[a,h ]anthracene	53-70-3	ER-	ER-/AR+	ER##		Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon; Anthracene	Phenolphthalin	81-90-3	ER+				Triphenylmethane; Diphenyalkane carboxyli acid
Di-n -butyl phthalate	84-74-2	ER±	ER+/AR-	ER-	у	Phthalate	Pimozide	2062-78-4				у	Piperidine; Benzimidazo
Diethylhexyl phthalate	117-81-7	ER-	AR-		у	Phthalate	Procymidone	32809-16-8	AR+	ER-/AR-	AR#		Organochlorine; Cyclic imide
Diethylstilbestrol	56-53-1	ER+++/AR++	ER+++/AR-	AR#	у	Stilbene; Benzylidene; Diphenylalkene	Progesterone	57-83-0	ER+/AR+++	ER±/AR+	ER-/AR#-	у	Steroid, nonphenolic; Pregnenedione
5α- Dihydrotestosterone***	521-18-6	ER++/AR+++	ER+/AR+++		y	Steroid, nonphenolic	Propylthiouracil	51-52-5	AR-			у	Pyrimidine; Uracil
17α-Estradiol	57-91-0	ER+++	ER++/AR-			Steroid, phenolic; Estrene	Reserpine	50-55-5				у	Heterocycle; Yohimban
17β-Estradiol***	50-28-2	ER+++/AR++	ER+++/AR++	AR##	у	Steroid, phenolic; Estrene	Sodium azide	26628-22-8					Organic salt; Azide
Estrone	53-16-7	ER+++/AR++	ER+++/AR++			Steroid, phenolic; Estrene	Spironolactone	52-01-7	AR+++	AR+	AR##		Steroid, nonphenolic; Pregnene lactone
17α-Ethinyl estradiol	57-63-6	ER+++/AR++	ER+++/AR-		y	Steroid, phenolic	Tamoxifen	10540-29-1	ER+++/AR-	ER±/AR-	ER###		Triphenylethylene; Benzylidene; Stilbene
Ethyl paraben	120-47-8					Paraben; Organic acid	Testosterone	58-22-0	ER±/AR+++	ER±/AR+++	AR-	у	Steroid, nonphenolic
Fadrozole	102676-47-1				У	Imidazole; Nitrile	12-O - Tetradecanoylphorbol-13- acetate	16561-29-8					Phorbol ester; Terpene
Fenarimol	60168-88-9		ER+	ER#	у	Heterocycle; Pyrimidine	L-Thyroxine	51-48-9				у	Aromatic amino acid
Finasteride	98319-26-7		AR-	AR-	у	Steroid, nonphenolic; Androstene	17β-Trenbolone	10161-33-8	AR+++	ER-		у	Steroid, nonphenolic; Estrene
Flavone	525-82-6	ER-	ER±	ER###	у	Flavanoid; Flavone	2,4,5- Trichlorophenoxyacetic acid	93-76-5	ER-	ER+			Organochlorine; Chlorinaromatic hydrocarbon
Fluoranthene	206-44-0	ER-	ER-	ER-/AR#		Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon; Fluorene	Vinclozolin	50471-44-8	ER±/AR++	ER-/AR-	AR###	у	Organochlorine; Cyclic imide; Carbamate
Fluoxymestrone	76-43-7	AR++	AR+	AR-		Steroid, nonphenolic	Zearalenone	17924-92-4	ER+++	ER++/AR-	ER#-		Resorcylic acid lactone; Phenol

substances listed are simply compounds that have been, or may prove to be useful in developing, standardizing or validating screening and testing methods.

positive in one assay but was also negative in one or more assays; - indicates that the substance was uniformly negative in multiple assays.

Empty cells indicate that no relevant data were identified and no validation tests are planned for that substance in that particular assay. \*\*p,p'-DDE = 1,1-Dichloro-2,2-di(p-chlorophenyl)ethylene; p,p'-DDT = 1,1,1-Trichloro-2,p-chlorophenyl)ethylene; p,p'-DDT = 1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2-di(4-chlorophenyl)ethylene; p,p'-DDT = 1,1,1-Trichlorophenyl)ethylene; p,p'-DDT = 1,1,1-Trichlorophenyl

\*\*\* 17β-Estradiol is the recommended positive control substance for the ER binding TA assays; for AR binding, 5α-Dihydrotestosterone is the recommended positive control if a purified AR protein is used, while Methyltrienolone or Mibolerone is recommended if intact cells, or cytosol is used. For AR TA assays, either 5α-Dihydrotestosterone or Methyltrienolone is recommended as the positive control.

<sup>a</sup> In vitro data obtained from the literature or from reports submitted to NICEATM and summarized in four Background Review Documents available at http://iccvam.niehs.nih.gov/methods/endocrine.htm. b +++ Indicates that the substance was relatively active as measured by the relative binding affinity (RBA) (RBA value was >1); + indicates that the substance was weakly active (RBA value was of the could not see that an IC<sub>50</sub> value was not obtained and thus an RBA value could not be determined; ± indicates an equivocal response (i.e., in different studies, the substance was reported as positive and negative). The inhibitory concentration of test substances that displaces 50% of the radiolabeled reference estrogen or androgen from the

c +++ Indicates that the substance was relatively active (EC<sub>50</sub> value was <0.001); ++ indicates that the substance was moderately active (EC<sub>50</sub> value was >0), or a positive response was reported

without an EC<sub>so</sub> value. The EC<sub>so</sub> is the effective concentration that displaces 50% of the radiolabeled reference estrogen or androgen from the receptor. d ### Indicates that the substance was uniformly positive in multiple assays; ## indicates that the substance was positive in the majority of assays in which it was tested; # indicates that the substance was positive in the single assay in which it was tested; #- indicates that the substance was positive in the single assay in which it was tested; #- indicates that the substance was positive in the single assay in which it was tested; #- indicates that the substance was positive in the single assay in which it was tested; #- indicates that the substance was positive in the single assay in which it was tested; #- indicates that the substance was positive in the single assay in which it was tested; #- indicates that the substance was positive in the single assay in which it was tested; #- indicates that the substance was positive in the single assay in which it was tested; #- indicates that the substance was positive in the single assay in which it was tested; #- indicates that the substance was positive in the single assay in which it was tested; #- indicates that the substance was positive in the single assay in which it was tested; #- indicates that the substance was positive in the single assay in which it was tested; #- indicates that the substance was positive in the single assay in which it was tested; #- indicates that the substance was positive in the single assay in which it was tested; #- indicates that the substance was positive in the single assay in which it was tested; #- indicates that the substance was positive in the single assay in which it was tested; #- indicates that the substance was positive in the single assay in which it was tested; #- indicates that the substance was positive in the single assay in which it was tested; #- indicates that the substance was positive in the single assay in which it was tested; #- indicates the single assay in which it was tested; #- indicates the single assay in which it was tested; #- indicates the single assay in which it was tested; #- indicates the sing